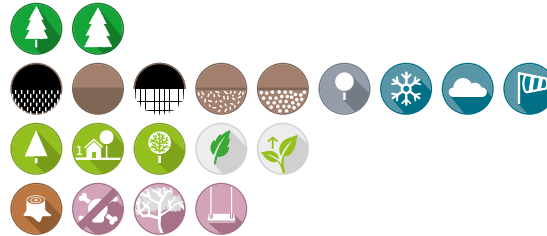




Thujaopsis dolabrata



Magasság	15 - 20 (30) m
Szélesség	3-6m
Korona	narrow conical, half-open crown, capricious growing
Kéreg és ágak	branches reddish brown, bark reddish brown, papery gray peeling
Leaf	flat scales, 3 – 8 mm long, bright green with white lenticel stripes on the underside
Virágok	♂ solitary, reddish purple, 3 - 5 mm, ♀ inconspicuous, 0.8 – 1.6 cm
Gyümölcsök	angular, almost round cones, 0.8 - 2.0 cm, blue-green
Tüskés/tövises	egyik sem
Mérgező tulajdonság	rendszerint nem mérgező emberek, (nagytestű) háziállatok és haszonállatok számára
Talajtípus	clayed soil, loamy soil, sandy soil, peaty soil, acid soil, all soil types
Ültetési hely követelményei	Nem viseli el az útburkolatokat
télállóság	6 (-23,3 és -17,8 °C)
Szélellenállóság	fairly to good
Egyéb tűrőképességek	fagytűrő (télállósági fok: 1-6), széltűrő
Alkalmazások	ipari terület
Forma	magas törzsű fenyő, specimen conifer

Thujaopsis dolabrata is a distinctive sturdy shrub, growing into a large tree. In young age the crown is broad pyramidal, in older trees it is pyramidal. Forms a straight trunk with reddish-brown branches. The old bark flakes off papery with large grey flakes. The foliage is scaly, with the scales being significantly larger than in Chamaecyparis or Thuja. These are bright green with a broad, white lenticel stripe on the underside. Unlike its (almost) namesake Thuja, the foliage does not smell as distinctive when bruised. T. dolabrata is an important forest tree in Japan, where it was one of the trees originally allowed to be cut and used only by the imperial family. The wood is light, soft and contains no resin. It is easy to work with and suitable for many purposes. The Hibacypress can be used as a solitary or in groups in gardens and parks and in cemeteries. Can grow in both sun and shade and likes nutrient-rich, humus-rich soil that is sufficiently moist but still well-drained.