



Parrotiopsis jacquemontiana



Magasság	3-6 (7) m
Szélesség	2-4m
Korona	round/spherical, half-open crown
Kéreg és ágak	twigs yellow-grey, bark grey, smooth
Leaf	round to broad ovoid, 3-8 cm long, slightly glossy dark green
Őszi színek	sárga
Virágok	bundles of greenish-yellow stamens, with 4-6 white bracts at the base, mei
Gyümölcsök	spiked capsule, brown-green, approx. 1 cm
Tüskés/tövises	egyik sem
Mérgező tulajdonság	rendszerint nem mérgező emberek, (nagytestű) háziállatok és haszonállatok számára
Talajtípus	loamy soil, sandy soil, peaty soil, acid soil
Ültetési hely követelményei	Nem viseli el az útburkolatokat
télállóság	6b (-20,5 és -17,8 °C)
Szélellenállóság	good
Egyéb tűrőképességek	fagyűrő (télállósági fok: 1-6)
Forma	magas törzsű fa, többtörzsű fa

Parrotiopsis jacquemontiana is related to Parrotia in name but, thanks to its distinctive flowering, is easily distinguished from it. It is a substantial shrub to small, often multi-stemmed tree. When young, P. jacquemontiana has an oval crown, but it later becomes rounded. The yellow-grey twigs are downy-hairy. The slightly glossy, dark green leaves turn deep yellow in autumn. The flowering of P. jacquemontiana is striking. Bundles of about 20, petal-less flowers stand together and actually look like one dense bundle of stamens. The pistils are shorter and hidden between the stamens. At the base of each bundle are four to six creamy-white bractae (flower bracts, just like in Cornus kousa, for example). This distinguishes Parrotiopsis from other members of the Hamamelis family.

Parrotiopsis jacquemontiana grows best in nutrient-rich, moist but well-drained soil. In calcareous soil, growth will be reduced and flowering richness will also decrease. Like Parrotia, Parrotiopsis tolerates a lot of heat and direct sunlight. Suitable as a park or garden tree, or in cemeteries, etc.