



## Pterostyrax corymbosa



<b>Magasság</b>	10 - 15 m
<b>Szélesség</b>	10-15m
<b>Korona</b>	oval, half-open crown
<b>Kéreg és ágak</b>	branches gray to gray brown: bark grey-brown, grooved
<b>Leaf</b>	obovate to oval, 6-14 cm long, glossy green
<b>Virágok</b>	in panicles, 3-6 cm long, flowers approx. 1 cm large, white, June
<b>Gyümölcsök</b>	drupe, obovate, 1.2-2.2 cm, densely hairy
<b>Tüskés/tövises</b>	egyik sem
<b>Mérgező tulajdonság</b>	rendszerint nem mérgező emberek, (nagytestű) háziállatok és haszonállatok számára
<b>Talajtípus</b>	clayed soil, loamy soil, sandy soil, calcareous soil
<b>Ültetési hely követelményei</b>	Nem viseli el az útburkolatokat
<b>télállóság</b>	7a (-17,7 és -15,0 °C)
<b>Szélellenállóság</b>	not good
<b>Fauna fák</b>	mézelő fa
<b>Forma</b>	magas törzsű fa, többtörzsű fa

Pterostyrax corymbosus is a medium-sized tree that can grow 10-15 m tall. Its broad crown is fan-shaped to round and, because of its fairly substantial leaves, dense. The twigs are grey to grey-brown, as is the older bark, which is slightly grooved. The branches are quite brittle, so they break easily during (very) strong winds. The rather large, glossy leaves have a somewhat papery feel. The mature leaves are hairless on top and hairy on the underside. The white flowers appear in broad panicles up to 6 cm long and open in June, slightly earlier than the flowers of *P. hispidus*. The individual flowers are about 1 cm in size and have a pleasant fragrance. They are abundantly pollinated by bees. The fruits of *P. corymbosus* are about 2 cm in size and densely hairy, a marked difference from the other species of Pterostyrax. *Pterostyrax corymbosus* grows in any type of soil, as long as it is sufficiently moist. More acidic or calcareous soil is also well tolerated. The tree has poor tolerance to prolonged drought. Naturally, *P. corymbosus* grows on moist, shaded mountain slopes and along streams and rivers in southwest China and Japan.