



## Sorbus incana



<b>Magasság</b>	5-8 m
<b>Szélesség</b>	3-5m
<b>Korona</b>	pyramidal, half-open crown
<b>Kéreg és ágak</b>	brown, grey
<b>Leaf</b>	dark green
<b>Virágok</b>	white, flowers in May, does not bloom profusely
<b>Gyümölcsök</b>	orange, red, produces not much fruits
<b>Tüskés/tövises</b>	egyik sem
<b>Mérgező tulajdonság</b>	rendszerint nem mérgező emberek, (nagytestű) háziállatok és haszonállatok számára
<b>Talajtípus</b>	clayed soil, loamy soil, sandy soil, calcareous soil
<b>Ültetési hely követelményei</b>	Elviseli a laza útburkolatot
<b>télállóság</b>	5 (-28,8 és -23,4 °C)
<b>Szélellenállóság</b>	good
<b>Egyéb tűröképességek</b>	fagyűrő (télállósági fok: 1-6), széltűrő
<b>Alkalmazások</b>	sugárutak és széles utcák, keskeny utcák
<b>Forma</b>	magas törzsű fa

*Sorbus ×incana* is a small tree up to 8 m tall. The tree forms a good continuous heart branch, creating a regularly shaped crown. At a young age, it is narrowly oval, but later the crown becomes pyramidal. The bark is grey and smooth, the young twigs are also grey, but often tinged reddish. The shiny dark green leaves are broadly ovate. On the upper side it is slightly hairy, the underside is grey-felted. In autumn, the leaves turn deep red. The white flowers, arranged in corymbs, open in May. However, the tree does not bloom profusely and fruits even less frequently. The very sparsely shaped fruits are oval and orange-red.

*Sorbus ×incana* is a Swedish selection, described by Teodor Hedlund in 1901. Because the tree does not occur in nature, it is assumed to be a hybrid between *Sorbus aria* and *S. torminalis*. The tree stands out for its excellent health, very regular crown shape and the fact that it rarely produces (nuisance) fruits. It is an excellent street tree that will satisfy on any permeable soil.