



Ilex crenata



Magasság	2-3 (5) m
Szélesség	1-2m
Korona	dark, dense crown
Kéreg és ágak	brown
Leaf	green, evergreen
Virágok	white, flowers in May, June
Gyümölcsök	black
Tüskés/tövises	egyik sem
Mérgező tulajdonság	mérgező összetevői vannak
Talajtípus	loamy soil, sandy soil, peaty soil, calcareous soil
Talajnedvesség	Száraz talajon használható
Ültetési hely követelményei	Nem viseli el az útburkolatokat
télállóság	6 (-23,3 és -17,8 °C)
Szélellenállóság	very good
Egyéb tűrőképességek	fagytűrő (télállósági fok: 1-6), széltűrő
Alkalmazások	faültető edények, tetőkeretek, tengerpart, kiskert, zárt kertek
Forma	többtörzsű fa

Japanese holly is a highly variable species that usually remains a shrub form, but can grow into a small tree after many years. The crown is oval to round, sometimes somewhat irregularly shaped. The leaves are also highly variable in shape and size. From ovoid leaves up to 3 cm long to inverted ovoid, often spherical leaves only 1 cm long. The leaves are matt to glossy mid-green to dark green. Like all Ilex, I. crenata is dioecious. Male and female flowers are therefore on different plants. The flowers are small and inconspicuous. The female flowers, after pollination, are followed by small, shiny black berries.

Ilex crenata is a particularly versatile shrub. Suitable for planting both solitary and in groups, but also suitable for making low to medium hedges. The plant is sometimes used as a Buxus substitute. On heavy and insufficiently permeable soil, growth may stagnate, making the plant sticky.

There are dozens of cultivars of I. crenata on the market. Some differ by having a compact or low growth habit. Other cultivars have yellow, yellow-spotted or white-spotted leaves. Very well known are the cultivar with convex leaves: 'Convexa' and the yellow-leaved 'Golden Gem'.