



Quercus suber



Magasság	6 - 15 (20) m
Szélesség	6-15m
Korona	irregular, more or less rounded, half-open crown, capricious growing
Kéreg és ágak	light greyish-brown, deep grooves with a great deal of cork
Leaf	oval to ovoid, lobed, dark green, 3 - 9 cm, evergreen
Virágok	yellow catkins
Gyümölcsök	ovoid acorn, 1.5 - 3 cm long
Tüskés/tövises	egyik sem
Mérgező tulajdonság	rendszerint nem mérgező emberek, (nagytestű) háziállatok és haszonállatok számára
Talajtípus	makes few demands, can take dry conditions
Talajnedvesség	Száraz talajon használható
Ültetési hely követelményei	Nem viseli el az útburkolatokat
télállóság	8b (-9,4,5 és -6,7 °C)
Szélellenállóság	fairly
Egyéb türöképességek	útsónak ellenáll
Alkalmazások	fault-tolerant edenek, tetőkertek, ipari terület
Forma	magas törzsű fa, többtörzsű fa
Eredet	western Mediterranean, especially Spain and Portugal

A very familiar evergreen oak from the western Mediterranean. Cultivated from antiquity for its cork, the cork being harvested once every seven years. The irregular crown starts off oval but later becomes broader, more or less rounded. The soft bark is greyish-brown and only develops deep grooves after the fourth year. Once the bark has been harvested, the trunk is a fiery red colour. The evergreen serrated leaves are oval to ovoid and glossy dark green. On the underside they are felt-like and greyish-white. The elongated ovoid acorns grow singly or in pairs and are 1.5 - 3 cm in size. They are one-third or half enclosed by the cupule. Q. suber can flower practically the entire year, which means that the acorns are visible most of the year. Quercus suber is an evergreen oak that has been cultivated from antiquity as a supplier of cork. The corky bark may be harvested only when the trunk has a diameter of approx. 60 cm.